



# NM-GG.json

## State

New Mexico

## Legislative

U.S. House

## Added to PlanScore

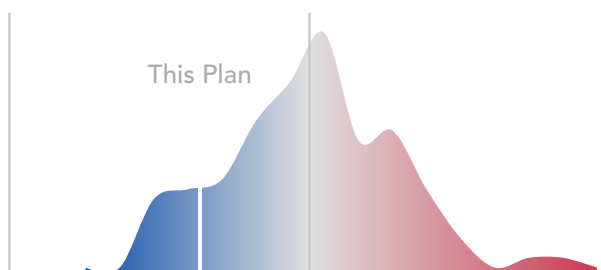
Oct. 9, 2021

This plan has 3 seats. Fairness metrics for plans with fewer than seven seats should be interpreted with great caution.

PlanScore bases its scores on predicted precinct-level votes for each office (State House, State Senate, and U.S. House) built from past election results and U.S. Census data. [More information about the predictive model used to score this plan.](#)

## Charts and Graphs

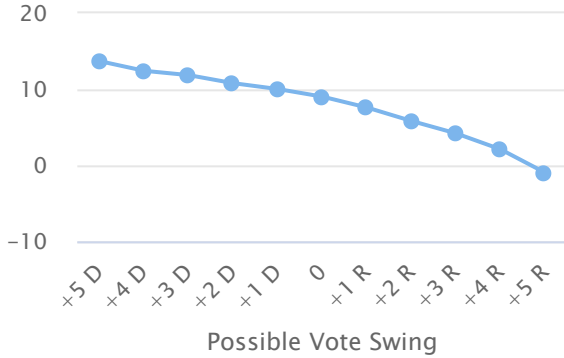
**Efficiency Gap: 9.0%**



+25% D                      Balanced                      +25% R

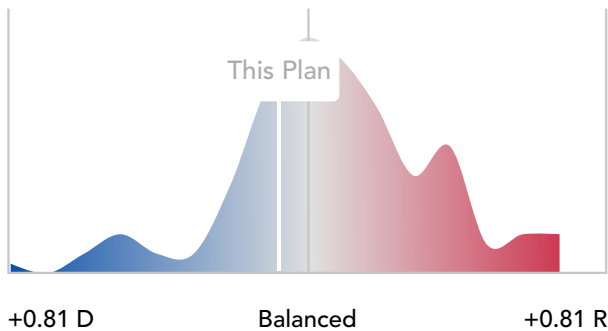
Votes for Democratic candidates are expected to be inefficient at a rate 9.0% lower than votes for Republican candidates, favoring Democrats in 83% of predicted scenarios.\* [Learn more](#) >

### Sensitivity Testing



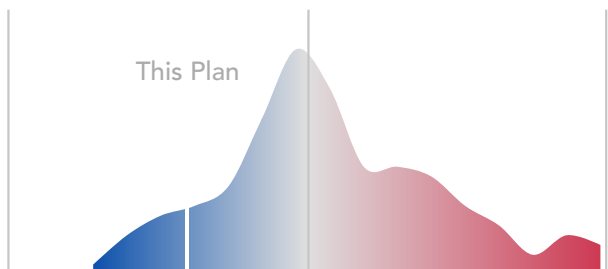
Sensitivity testing shows us a plan’s expected efficiency gap given a range of possible vote swings. It lets us evaluate the durability of a plan’s skew.

### Declination: 0.08



The mean Republican vote share in Republican districts is expected to be 0.5% higher than the mean Democratic vote share in Democratic districts. Along with the relative fraction of seats won by each party, this leads to a declination that favors Democrats in 69% of predicted scenarios.\* [Learn more](#) >

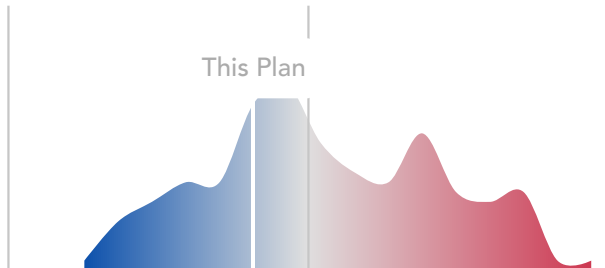
### Partisan Bias: 10.0%



+25% D                      Balanced                      +25% R

Democrats would be expected to win 10.0% extra seats in a hypothetical, perfectly tied election, favoring Democrats in 80% of predicted scenarios.\* [Learn more](#) >

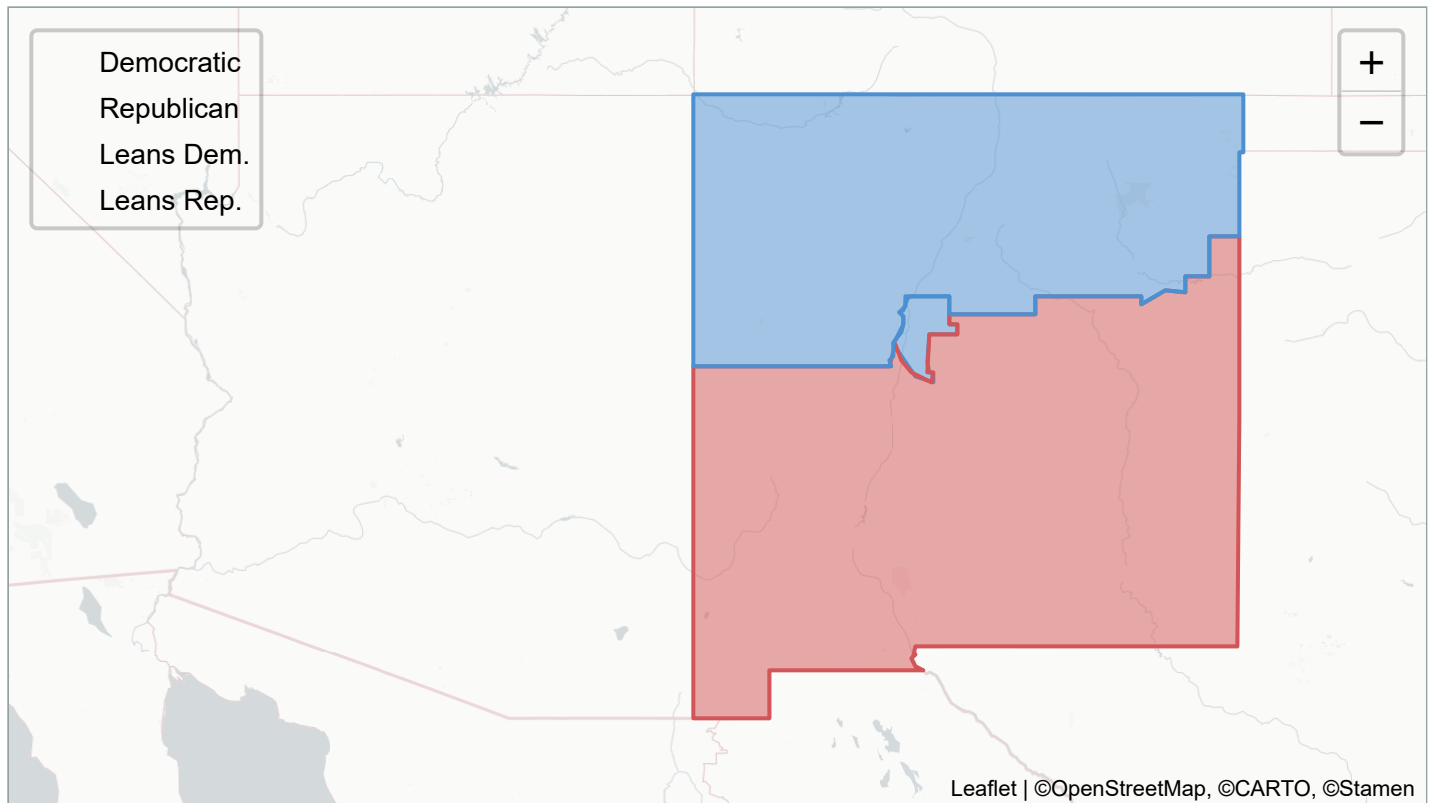
### Mean-Median Difference: 2.1%



+12% D                      Balanced                      +12% R

The median Democrat vote share is expected to be 2.1% higher than the mean Democrat vote share, favoring Democrats in 80% of predicted scenarios.\* [Learn more](#) >

### District Map



### District Data

District	Candidate Scenario	Pop. 2020	Non-Hisp. Black CVAP 2019	Hispanic CVAP 2019	Non-Hisp. Asian CVAP 2019	Non-Hisp. Native CVAP 2019	Chance of 1+ Flips <sup>†</sup>	Chance of Democratic Win	Predicted Vote Shares
1	Open Seat	705,758	2.7%	45.0%	2.3%	4.6%	No	90%	57% D / 43% R
2	Open Seat	705,815	2.5%	46.8%	0.9%	2.2%	No	10%	43% D / 57% R
3	Open Seat	705,818	1.2%	36.5%	1.0%	20.9%	No	92%	58% D / 42% R

[Download raw data as tab-delimited text.](#)

Metric	Value	Favors Democrats in this % of Scenarios*	More Skewed than this % of Historical Plans <sup>‡</sup>	More Pro-Democratic than this % of Historical Plans <sup>‡</sup>
<b><u>Efficiency Gap</u></b>	9.0% Pro-Democratic	83%	78%	85%
<b><u>Declination</u></b>	0.08 Pro-Democratic	69%	30%	70%
<b><u>Partisan Bias</u></b>	10.0% Pro-Democratic	80%	73%	88%
<b><u>Mean-Median Difference</u></b>	2.1% Pro-Democratic	80%	34%	66%

\* Scenarios are part of [the predictive model used to score this plan](#).

<sup>†</sup> 50%+ chance of one or more party flips assuming the plan is used for one decade with five State House elections, five U.S. House elections, or three State Senate elections.

<sup>‡</sup> Enacted [U.S. House](#), [State House](#), and [State Senate](#) plan metrics are featured in our [historical dataset](#).



PlanScore is a project of Campaign Legal Center.

