



# Md-Least-Change-GeoJSON.json

## State

Maryland

## Legislative

U.S. House

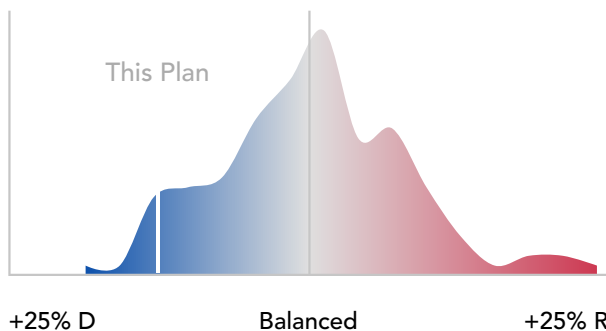
## Added to PlanScore

Oct. 14, 2021

PlanScore bases its scores on predicted precinct-level votes for each office (State House, State Senate, and U.S. House) built from past election results and U.S. Census data. [More information about the predictive model used to score this plan.](#)

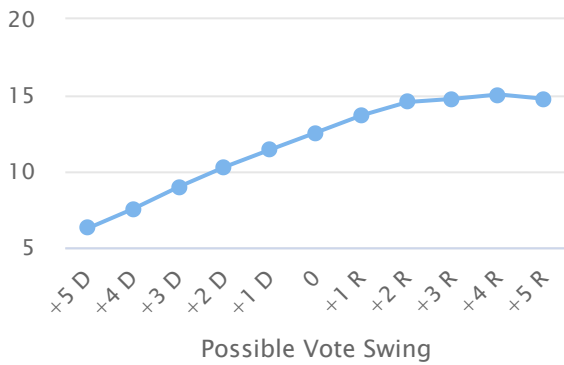
## Charts and Graphs

### Efficiency Gap: 12.6%



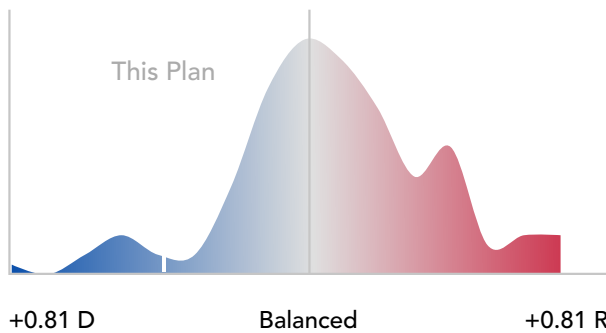
Votes for Democratic candidates are expected to be inefficient at a rate 12.6% lower than votes for Republican candidates, favoring Democrats in 95% of predicted scenarios.\* [Learn more](#) >

## Sensitivity Testing



Sensitivity testing shows us a plan’s expected efficiency gap given a range of possible vote swings. It lets us evaluate the durability of a plan’s skew.

## Declination: 0.39



The mean Republican vote share in Republican districts is expected to be 4.2% higher than the mean Democratic vote share in Democratic districts. Along with the relative fraction of seats won by each party, this leads to a declination that favors Democrats in 92% of predicted scenarios.\* [Learn more](#) >

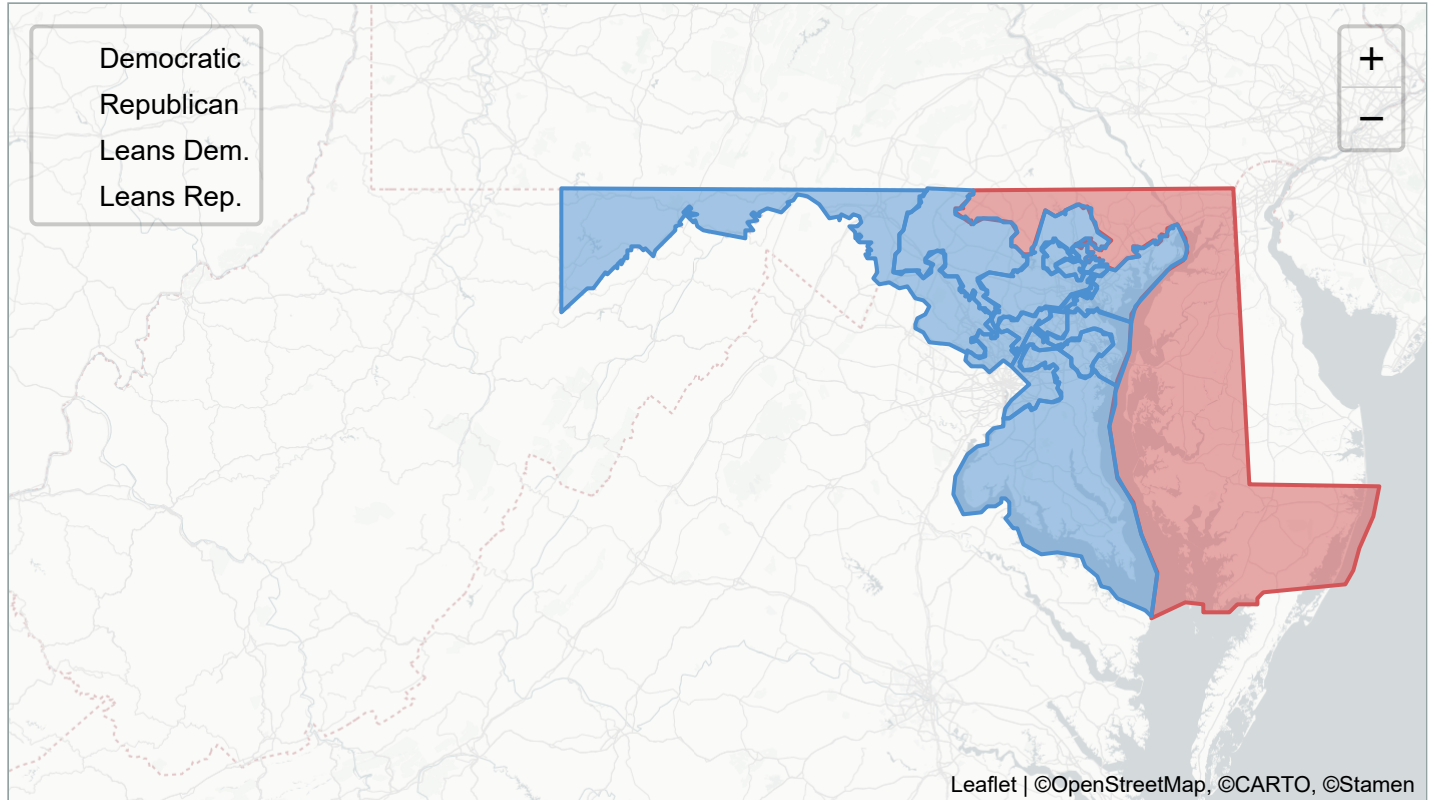
## Partisan Bias

The parties’ statewide vote shares are 61.6% (Democratic) and 38.4% (Republican) based on the model. Partisan bias is shown only where the parties’ statewide vote shares fall between 45% and 55%. Outside this range the metric’s assumptions are not plausible.

## Mean-Median Difference

The parties’ statewide vote shares are 61.6% (Democratic) and 38.4% (Republican) based on the model. The mean-median difference is shown only where the parties’ statewide vote shares fall between 45% and 55%. Outside this range the metric’s assumptions are not plausible.

# District Map



## District Data

District	Candidate Scenario	Pop. 2020	Non-Hisp. Black CVAP 2019	Hispanic CVAP 2019	Non-Hisp. Asian CVAP 2019	Non-Hisp. Native CVAP 2019	Chance of 1+ Flips†	Chance of Democratic Win	Predicted Vote Shares
1	Open Seat	772,153	11.7%	2.1%	1.9%	0.5%	No	5%	39% D / 61% R
2	Open Seat	772,153	32.9%	4.1%	4.4%	0.5%	No	97%	61% D / 39% R
3	Open Seat	772,153	21.5%	5.1%	5.9%	0.5%	No	98%	62% D / 38% R
4	Open Seat	772,153	61.9%	6.9%	3.2%	0.4%	No	>99%	74% D / 26% R
5	Open Seat	772,153	40.1%	4.7%	3.7%	0.7%	No	98%	63% D / 37% R
6	Open Seat	772,153	13.7%	8.1%	10.0%	0.5%	No	89%	57% D / 43% R
7	Open Seat	772,153	52.7%	2.4%	5.9%	0.4%	No	>99%	71% D / 29% R

Non-                      Non-                      Non-

[Download raw data as tab-delimited text.](#)

Metric	Value	Favors Democrats in this % of Scenarios*	More Skewed than this % of Historical Plans‡	More Pro-Democratic than this % of Historical Plans‡
<b><u>Efficiency Gap</u></b>	12.6% Pro-Democratic	95%	90%	94%
<b><u>Declination</u></b>	0.39 Pro-Democratic	92%	87%	94%
<b><u>Partisan Bias</u></b>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b><u>Mean- Median Difference</u></b>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

## Freedom to Vote Act Races

[Section 5003\(c\)\(3\) of the FTVA](#) specifies that partisan fairness should be assessed using a state's two most recent elections for U.S. President and two most recent elections for U.S. Senate.

### U.S. President 2020: 3.4%

Under this plan, votes for the Democratic candidate were inefficient at a rate 3.4% lower than votes for the Republican candidate.

### U.S. President 2016: 9.5%

Under this plan, votes for the Democratic candidate were inefficient at a rate 9.5% lower than votes for the Republican candidate.

### U.S. Senate 2018: 1.2%

Under this plan, votes for the Democratic candidate were inefficient at a rate 1.2% lower than votes for the Republican candidate.

### U.S. Senate 2016: 11.4%

Under this plan, votes for the Democratic candidate were inefficient at a rate 11.4% lower than votes for the Republican candidate.

\* Scenarios are part of the predictive model used to score this plan.

† 50%+ chance of one or more party flips assuming the plan is used for one decade with five State House elections, five U.S. House elections, or three State Senate elections.

‡ Enacted U.S. House, State House, and State Senate plan metrics are featured in our historical dataset.



PlanScore is a project of Campaign Legal Center.

