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Districts1 2022-01-15.json

State

Nevada

Legislative

U.S. House

Added to PlanScore

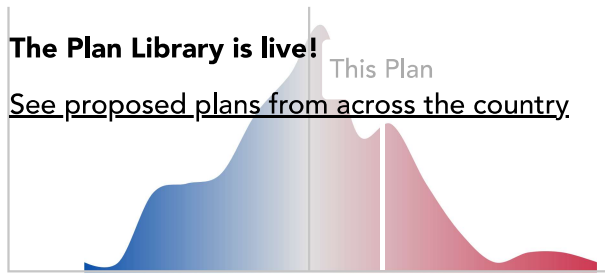
Jan. 15, 2022

This plan has 4 seats. Fairness metrics for plans with fewer than seven seats should be interpreted with great caution.

PlanScore bases its scores on predicted precinct-level votes for each office (State House, State Senate, and U.S. House) built from past election results and U.S. Census data. [More information about the predictive model used to score this plan.](#)

Charts and Graphs

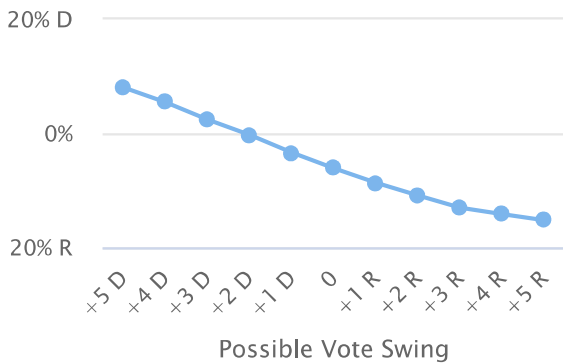
Efficiency Gap: 6.1% R



+25% D Balanced +25% R

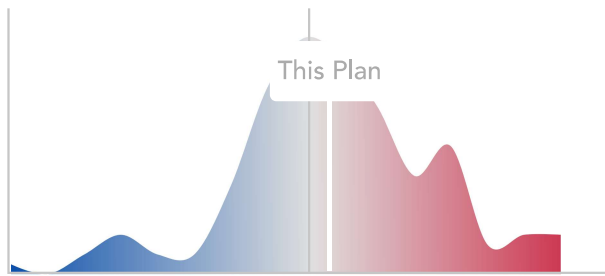
Votes for Republican candidates are expected to be inefficient at a rate 6.1% R lower than votes for Democratic candidates, favoring Republicans in 62% of predicted scenarios.* [Learn more >](#)

Sensitivity Testing



Sensitivity testing shows us a plan’s expected efficiency gap given a range of possible vote swings. It lets us evaluate the durability of a plan’s skew.

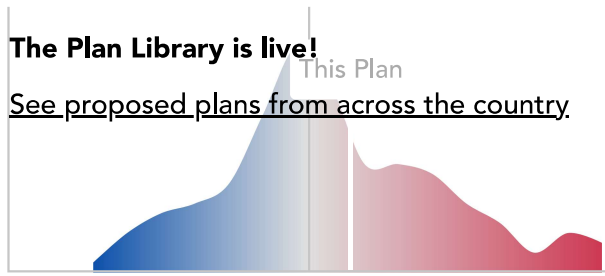
Declination: 0.06 R



+0.81 D Balanced +0.81 R

The difference between mean Democratic vote share in Democratic districts and mean Republican vote share in Republican districts along with the relative fraction of seats won by each party leads to a declination that favors Republicans in 58% of predicted scenarios.* [Learn more >](#)

Partisan Bias: 3.6% R

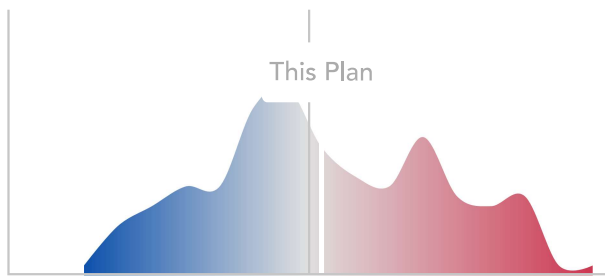


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+25% D Balanced +25% R

Republicans would be expected to win 3.6% R extra seats in a hypothetical, perfectly tied election, favoring Republicans in 78% of predicted scenarios. * [Learn more](#) >

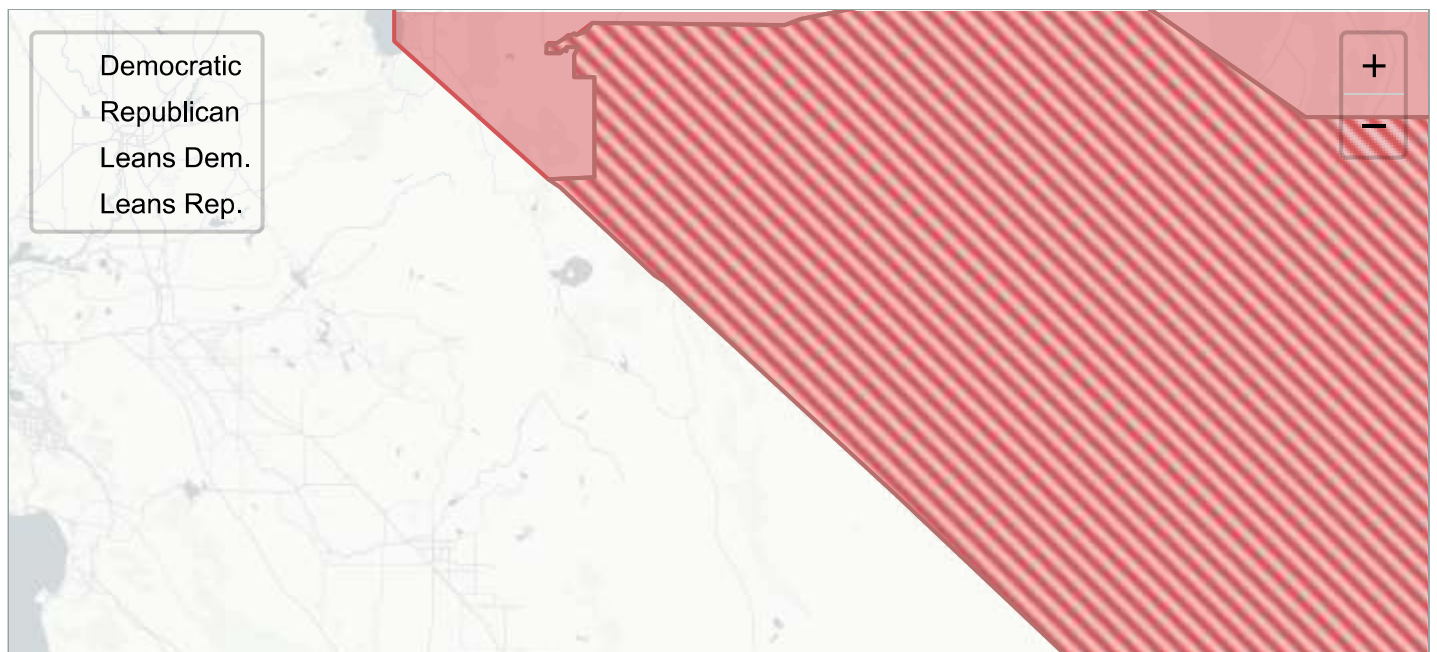
Mean-Median Difference: 0.5% R



+12% D Balanced +12% R

The median Republican vote share is expected to be 0.5% R higher than the mean Republican vote share, favoring Republicans in 62% of predicted scenarios. * [Learn more](#) >

District Map



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Leaflet | ©OpenStreetMap, ©CARTO, ©Stamen

District Data

| District | Candidate Scenario | Pop. 2020 | Hispanic CVAP 2019 | Non-Hisp. Black CVAP 2019 | Non-Hisp. Asian CVAP 2019 | Non-Hisp. Native CVAP 2019 | Chance of 1+ Flips [†] | Chance of Democratic Win | Predicted Vote Shares |
|----------|--------------------|-----------|--------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | Open Seat | 776,154 | 28.9% | 13.7% | 10.1% | 1.1% | No | 93% | 57% D / 43% R |
| 2 | Open Seat | 776,154 | 14.7% | 2.3% | 3.9% | 2.8% | No | 5% | 41% D / 59% R |
| 3 | Open Seat | 776,153 | 14.0% | 7.6% | 13.4% | 0.8% | Yes | 22% | 46% D / 54% R |
| 4 | Open Seat | 776,153 | 20.1% | 16.9% | 6.5% | 1.2% | Yes | 44% | 49% D / 51% R |

Predicted 41% D / 59% R seat share across scenarios* vs. 49% D / 51% R vote share.

[Download raw data as tab-delimited text.](#)

| Metric | Value | Favors Democrats in this % of Scenarios* | More Skewed than this % of Historical Plans [‡] | More Pro-Democratic than this % of Historical Plans [‡] |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| <u>Efficiency Gap</u> | 6.1% Pro-Republican | 38% | 62% | 18% |
| <u>Declination</u> | 0.06 Pro-Republican | 42% | 26% | 40% |
| <u>Partisan Bias</u> | 3.6% Pro-Republican | 22% | 36% | 34% |
| <u>Mean-Median Difference</u> | 0.5% Pro-Republican | 38% | 7% | 42% |

Freedom to Vote Act Races

Section 5003(c)(3) of the FTVA specifies that partisan fairness should be assessed using a state's two most

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recent elections for U.S. President and two most recent elections for U.S. Senate.

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U.S. President 2020: 2.5% R

Under this plan, votes for the Republican candidate were inefficient at a rate 2.5% R lower than votes for the Democratic candidate.

U.S. President 2016: 2.6% R

Under this plan, votes for the Republican candidate were inefficient at a rate 2.6% R lower than votes for the Democratic candidate.

U.S. Senate 2018: 19.8% D

Under this plan, votes for the Democratic candidate were inefficient at a rate 19.8% D lower than votes for the Republican candidate.

U.S. Senate 2016: 2.6% R

Under this plan, votes for the Republican candidate were inefficient at a rate 2.6% R lower than votes for the Democratic candidate.

* Scenarios are part of the predictive model used to score this plan.

† 50%+ chance of one or more party flips assuming the plan is used for one decade with five State House elections, five U.S. House elections, or three State Senate elections.

‡ Enacted U.S. House, State House, and State Senate plan metrics are featured in our historical dataset.



PlanScore is a project of Campaign Legal Center.

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